

UNAUDITED

Papyrus Australia Limited

ABN 63 110 868 409

Preliminary Final ASX Report

for the year ended 30 June 2020

	2020	2019		Percentage
	\$A	\$A		change
Revenues from ordinary activities	4,599	-	up	100%
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to the members	(216,479)	(109,781)	up	(97)%
Loss for the period attributable to members	(216,479)	(109,781)	up	(97)%

Dividends (distributions)

No dividend has been paid during the year ended 30 June 2020

The directors have not proposed a dividend for the year ended 30 June 2020

Net Tangible Assets Per Security - cents	(0.03)	(0.2)
---	--------	-------

Basis of Financial Report Preparation

This financial report is for the year ended 30 June 2020 and has been prepared in accordance with the Australian Securities Exchange Listing rules as they relate to Appendix 4E and in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001. The accounting policies adopted with the contents of this report are consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period. Comments are for the twelve months ended 30 June 2020 with comparatives for the twelve months ended 30 June 2019. All amounts are measured in Australian Dollars, unless otherwise specified.

Audit Status

The financial statements contained within this Appendix 4E are in the process of being audited and, as such, the accounts are presented unaudited.

Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other Comprehensive income

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		Consolidated Group	
		30 June 2020 \$	30 June 2019 \$
Revenue from operating activities	2 (a)	4,599	-
Grant income		109,914	130,388
Depreciation expense	2 (b)	(109,914)	(130,388)
Employee benefits expenses		(1,090)	(1,080)
Other expenses	2 (c)	(215,612)	(100,075)
Finance Costs		(3,576)	(8,626)
Loss before income tax benefit		(216,479)	(109,781)
Income tax benefit		-	-
Loss for the period		(216,479)	(109,781)
Loss attributable to members of the parent entity		(216,479)	(109,781)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(216,479)	(109,781)
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the parent entity		(216,479)	(109,781)
Earnings per share:		<i>Cents</i>	<i>Cents</i>
Basic earnings per share	3	(0.08)	(0.05)
Diluted earnings per share	3	(0.08)	(0.05)

Consolidated statement of financial position

AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

		Consolidated Group	
		30 June 2020	30 June 2019
		\$	\$
Note			
CURRENT ASSETS			
	Cash and cash equivalents	28,142	34,072
	Trade and other receivables	33	1,147
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	28,175	35,219
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
	Prepayment	260,000	-
	Property, plant and equipment	91,034	200,948
	TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	351,034	200,948
	TOTAL ASSETS	379,209	236,167
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	Trade and other payables	87,843	66,358
	Short-term borrowings	46,460	319,834
	Other current liabilities	233,180	233,180
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	367,483	619,372
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	Other non-current liabilities	88,546	198,460
	TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	88,546	198,460
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	456,029	817,832
	NET ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)	(76,820)	(581,665)
EQUITY			
	Issued capital	21,280,145	20,558,821
	Reserves	915,722	915,722
	Accumulated losses	(22,272,687)	(22,056,208)
	TOTAL EQUITY / (DEFICIT)	(76,820)	(581,665)

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Note	Consolidated Group			Total \$
		Issued Capital \$	Retained Earnings/ (Accumulated losses) \$	Share Option Reserve \$	
Balance at 1 July 2018		20,468,821	(21,946,427)	915,722	(561,884)
<i>Comprehensive income</i>					
Loss for the year		-	(109,781)	-	(109,781)
<i>Other comprehensive income/(expenses)</i>		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	(109,781)	-	(109,781)
<i>transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners, and other transactions</i>					
Shares issued via exercise of options on 16 November 2018		45,000	-	-	45,000
Shares issued via exercise of options on 3 April 2019		5,000	-	-	5,000
Shares issued via private placement on 24 June 2019		40,000	-	-	40,000
Total transactions with owners and other transactions	11	90,000	-	-	90,000
Balance at 30 June 2019		20,558,821	(22,056,208)	915,722	(581,665)
Balance at 1 July 2019		20,558,821	(22,056,208)	915,722	(561,885)
<i>Comprehensive income</i>					
Loss for the year		-	(216,479)	-	(216,479)
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	(216,479)	-	(216,479)
<i>transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners, and other transactions</i>					
Shares Issued via exercise of options on 24 August 2019		35,000	-	-	35,000
Shares issued via private placement on 12 November 2019		60,000	-	-	60,000
Shares issued as result of 2019 AGM resolution on 12 December 2019		274,193	-	-	274,193
Shares Issued via exercise of options on 19 December 2019		52,131	-	-	52,131
Shares issued via private placement on 26 February 2020		100,000	-	-	100,000
Shares issued via private placement on 29 June 2020		200,000	-	-	200,000
Total transactions with owners and other transactions	11	721,324	-	-	721,324
Balance at 30 June 2020		21,280,145	(22,272,687)	915,722	(76,820)

Consolidated statement of cash flows

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June 2020 \$	30 June 2019 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	4,599	-
Payments to suppliers and employees	(219,963)	(100,019)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(215,364)	(100,019)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Prepayment for investments	(260,000)	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(260,000)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issue of shares	447,130	90,000
Proceeds from borrowings	22,304	1,091
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	469,434	91,091
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(5,930)	(8,928)
Cash at the beginning of the financial year	34,072	43,000
CASH AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	4 28,142	34,072

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of Preparation

The Preliminary Final Report has been prepared in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.3A and has been derived from the unaudited consolidated Annual Financial Report.

The Preliminary Final Report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASB) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The Financial Report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board. In preparing the Preliminary Financial Report, Papyrus Australia Ltd is a for-profit entity.

The Preliminary Final Report is presented in Australian dollars and has been prepared on the basis of historical cost except where assets and liabilities are stated at their fair values in accordance with relevant accounting policies.

The consolidated Annual Financial Report is in the process of being audited. This report should also be read in conjunction with any publications made by Papyrus during the year in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements arising under the Corporations Act 2001 and ASX Listing Rules.

b. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Papyrus Australia Ltd and its subsidiaries as at 30 June each year (the Group).

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances and transactions, income and expenses and profit and losses resulting from intra-group transactions have been eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group.

c. Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, shares issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange. Costs directly attributable to the combination are expensed as incurred. Where equity instruments are issued in a business combination, the fair value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Except for non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale (which are measured at fair value less costs to sell), all identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of the business combination over the net fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary, the difference is recognised as a gain in the income statement, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

d. Revenue Recognition

To determine whether to recognise revenue, the Group follows a 5-step process:

1. Identifying the contract with the customer
2. Identifying the performance obligations
3. Determining the transaction price
4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
5. Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

The group enters into transactions involving a range of the Group's products and services. In all cases, the total transaction price for the contract is allocated amongst the various performance obligation based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amount collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Group satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

The Group recognises contract liabilities for consideration received in respect of unsatisfied performance obligations and reports these amounts as other liabilities in the statement of financial position. Similarly, if the Group satisfies a performance obligation before it receives the consideration, the Group recognises either a contract asset or a receivable in its statement of financial position, depending on whether something other than the passage of time is required before the consideration is due.

e. **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with.

When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income over the periods necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate.

When the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the income statement over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

f. **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred.

g. **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and short-term deposits in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of 3 months or less.

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

h. **Trade and other receivables**

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating Expected Credit Losses ('ELCs') as allowed in accordance with AASB 9 Financial Instruments.

Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ELCs at each reporting date.

i. **Income tax**

Income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the notional income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses. Current and deferred tax expense attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity is also recognised directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except:

when the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or

when the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

when the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or

when the deductible temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, in which case a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

j. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and

receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

k. **Property, plant and equipment**

Plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Such cost includes the cost of replacing parts that are eligible for capitalisation when the cost of replacing the parts is incurred. Similarly, when each major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement only if it is eligible for capitalisation.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Plant and equipment 2.5 - 10 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and amortisation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date, with recoverable amount being estimated when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs, unless the asset's value in use can be estimated to be close to its fair value.

An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash-generating units exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The asset or cash-generating unit is then written down to its recoverable amount.

For plant and equipment, impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss in a combination of functional expense items.

l. **Trade and other payables**

Trade payables and other payables are carried at cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

m. Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs.

n. Share-based payment transactions

The Group provides benefits to employees and consultants of the Group in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees or consultants receive option incentives (equity settled transactions). There is currently one plan in place to provide these benefits, the Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP) which provides benefits to directors and employees.

The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The cost is recognised as an expense in the income statement, together with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve, when the options are issued. The fair value is determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model.

Upon the exercise of options, the balance of share based payments reserve relating to those options is transferred to share capital.

o. Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

p. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

q. **Significant accounting judgements and key estimates**

The preparation of financial reports requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Except as described below, in preparing this report, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial report for the year ended 30 June 2019.

In the year ended 30 June 2020, management reassessed its estimates in respect of:

Key Estimates — Impairment

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the group that may lead to an impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined.

Key estimates – Estimation of useful lives and residual value of assets

The Group determine the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The useful life and residual values could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other events. The depreciation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

2. PROFIT AND LOSS

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
REVENUE		
<i>(a) Other revenue</i>		
Royalties	4,599	-
EXPENSES		
<i>(b) Depreciation of non-current assets</i>		
Plant and equipment	109,914	130,388
Total depreciation	109,914	130,388
<i>(c) Other expenses</i>		
Audit fees	40,260	31,294
Legal fees	82,847	15,275
Professional services	6,430	1,815
Travel and accommodation	10,000	-
Governance and secretarial costs	6,300	5,487
Rent	-	336
Communications expense	590	526
Share registry and ASX expenses	52,352	44,792
Other expenses	16,833	550
	215,612	100,075

3. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net loss for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

	Consolidated Group	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Net loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	(216,479)	(109,781)
	2020	2019
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic earnings per share	258,842,410	229,122,034
Effect of dilution		
Share options	-	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted effect of dilution		
for the effect of dilution	258,842,410	229,122,034
Earnings per share:	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Cents</i>
Basic earnings per share	(0.08)	(0.05)
Diluted earnings per share	(0.08)	(0.05)

In accordance with AASB 133 'Earnings per Share', as potential ordinary shares may only result in a situation where their conversion results in an increase in loss per share or decrease in profit per share from continuing operations, no dilutive effect has been taking into account.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Note	Consolidated Group	
		2020	2019
		\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand		28,142	34,072
		28,142	34,072

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated Group	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
<i>Current</i>		
Other receivables	(1,875)	-
GST receivable	1,908	1,147
Total current trade and other receivables	33	1,147

6. PREPAYMENTS

	Consolidated Group	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Prepayment for investment in equity in In Egypt Banana Fibre Company	260,000	-
	260,000	-

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Consolidated Group	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Plant and equipment		
<i>Cost</i>		
Opening balance	1,961,166	1,961,166
Closing balance	1,961,166	1,961,166
<i>Accumulated depreciation</i>		
Opening balance	1,760,218	1,629,830
Depreciation for the period	109,914	130,388
	1,870,132	1,760,218
Net book value of plant and equipment	91,034	200,948

8. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated Group	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Trade payables	15,699	10,021
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	72,144	56,337
	87,843	66,358

9. BORROWINGS

	Consolidated Group	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Unsecured liabilities		
Other Loans	46,460	318,834
Total unsecured liabilities	46,460	318,834

10. OTHER LIABILITIES

	Consolidated Group	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Contract liabilities	233,180	233,180
Total current other liabilities	233,180	233,180
NON-CURRENT		
Government grants received in advance	88,546	198,460
Total non-current other liabilities	88,546	198,460

10. ISSUED CAPITAL

	Consolidated Group			
	2020	2019		
			2020	2019
	Number	\$	Number	\$
299,343,999 fully paid ordinary shares (2019: 235,149,515)	21,280,145	20,558,821		
	21,280,145	20,558,821		
Ordinary shares				
Balance at beginning of year	235,149,515	20,558,821	226,149,515	20,468,821
Shares issued via exercise of Options 24 August 2019	3,500,000	35,000	-	-
Shares issued pursuant to 2019 AGM resolutions	19,481,400	274,193	-	-
Shares issued pursuant to private placement 12 December 2019	6,000,000	60,000	500,000	5,000
Shares issued via exercise of Options 12 December 2019	5,213,084	52,131	-	-
Shares issued pursuant to private placement 26 February 2020	10,000,000	100,000	4,000,000	40,000
Shares issued pursuant to private placement 29 June 2020	20,000,000	200,000	-	-
Balance at end of financial year	299,343,999	21,280,145	235,149,515	20,558,821

12. RESERVES

	Consolidated Group	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Share-option reserve	915,722	915,722
	915,722	915,722
Share-option reserve		
Balance at beginning of financial year	915,722	915,722
Share based payments	-	-
Balance at end of financial year	915,722	915,722

13. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

Name of entity	Principal place of business / country of incorporation	Ownership Interest	
		2020	2019
		%	%
Parent entity			
Papyrus Australia Ltd	Australia		
Subsidiaries			
PPY EU Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Papyrus Technology Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
PPY Manufacturing Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Australian Advanced Manufacturing Centre Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Pulp Fiction Manufacturing Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Papyrus Egypt	Egypt	-	50
Yellow Pallet B.V.	The Netherlands	50	50

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The directors have considered the requirements of AASB 8 Operating Segments and the internal reports that are reviewed by the chief operating decision maker (the Board) in allocating resources and have concluded at this time that there are no separately identifiable segments.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 24 August 2020 the company announce that United Pacific Equities (UPE) had made a further tranche of \$30,000 for subscription of shares in the company bringing the total investment todate to \$340,000. In addition 21,000,000 unlisted options will be issued to UPE exercisable at one cent per option exercised. Upon the exercise of all options UPE interest in the company will be 19.9%.

No other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the year to the date of this report that have significantly affected or may significantly affect either:

The entity's operations in future financial years;

The results of those operations in future financial years; or

The entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

16. GOING CONCERN

The financial report has been prepared on the basis of going concern. The Group continues to be economically dependent on the unsecured loan facility provided by an entity associated with the Managing Director, generation of cash flow from the business and/or raising additional capital for the continued development of its Banana Ply Project and working capital. The Group continues to be in consultation with its advisers and potential partners to evaluate alternative means of raising additional capital. The Directors believe the entity is a going concern because it has the ongoing support of its financier and during the reporting period the Banana Ply project has commenced sales and is cash flow positive, which is currently being utilised in expanding production. An initial royalty payment was received in December 2019, the Directors believe that the Banana Ply project will make additional royalty payments to the Group in the near future.

The Group's ability to continue as a going concern is contingent upon the above matters. Consequently a material uncertainty exists as to the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If sufficient funds are not available under the loan facility, cash flow is not generated and/or additional funds are not raised, the going concern basis may not be appropriate, with the result that the Group may have to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities, other than in the ordinary course of business and at amounts different from those stated in the financial report. No allowance for such circumstances has been made in the financial report.

17. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

As reported in the 2019 annual report, a claim had been raised against the Group, to-date this claim has not been resolved. The Group has been advised by its legal counsel that it is only possible, but not probable, that the action will succeed. Accordingly, no provision for any liability has been made in the financial statements.

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

1. This report has been prepared in accordance with AASB Standards, other authoritative pronouncements and Urgent Issues Group Consensus Views.
2. This report gives a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.
3. This report is based on accounts which are in the process of being audited



Ramy Azer
Managing Director

25 August 2020